

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
COUNTY OF BRONX

Index No. _____
Purchased _____

X
VALENTIN MORALES, CHRISTOPHER FLORES,
VICTOR DOLEO AND RAFAEL ROMERO,

Plaintiffs,

VERIFIED COMPLAINT

-against-

THE CITY OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK CITY
POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th
NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK
CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO
OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND
NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE
TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD
#16614,

Defendants

X

RECEIVED
BRONX COUNTY
CLERK'S OFFICE
MAY 24 2011
P.M. 1:57

VALENTIN MORALES, CHRISTOPHER FLORES, VICTOR DOLEO and RAFAEL ROMERO, by their attorneys, PAPA, DEPAOLA AND BROUNSTEIN, respectfully allege as follows:

AS AND FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

1. At all times mentioned, Plaintiff, VALENTIN MORALES was a resident of Bronx County, City and State of New York.
2. At all times mentioned, Defendant CITY OF NEW YORK, was and is a municipal corporation duly organized and existing by virtue of the laws of the State of New York.
3. On or about the 22nd day of October, 2010 and within ninety (90)days after the claim herein arose, the Plaintiff served a Notice of Claim in writing sworn to on their behalf upon the Defendant CITY OF NEW YORK, by delivering a copy thereof in duplicate to the officer designated to receive

such process personally, which Notice of Claim advised the Defendant CITY OF NEW YORK, of the nature, place, time and manner in which the claim arose, the items of damage and injuries sustained so far as was then determinable. Please note a late Notice of Claim was served on the City of New York on May 16, 2011 pursuant to Judge Schachner's order entered on May 10, 2011 on Index #260299-2011.

4. At least thirty (30) days have elapsed since the service of the claim prior to the commencement of this action and adjustment of payment thereof has been neglected or refused, and this action has been commenced within one year and ninety (90) days after the happening of the event upon which the claims are based.
5. The Plaintiff has complied with the request of the municipal Defendant's for an oral examination pursuant to Section 50-H of the General Municipal Law and/or the Public Authorities Law and/or no such request was made within the applicable period.
6. Upon information and belief, at all times mentioned, Defendants, **NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614**, were and are police officers of the Defendant City of New York, and at all times herein were acting in such capacity as the agents, servants and employees of the Defendant, **THE CITY OF NEW YORK**.

7. On or about March 19, 2010, at approximately 12:30 A.M. in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York the Defendants jointly and severally in their capacity as police officers, wrongfully touched, grabbed, handcuffed and seized the Plaintiff, **VALENTIN MORALES**, in an excessive manner about his person, causing him physical pain and mental suffering. At no time did the Defendants have legal cause to grab, handcuff seize or touch the Plaintiff, nor did the Plaintiff consent to this illegal touching nor was it privileged by law.

AS AND FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

8. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "7" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
9. On or about March 19, 2010, at approximately 12:30 A.M., in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York, the Defendants, jointly and severally did place plaintiff, **VALENTIN MORALES**, in imminent fear of physical contact by approaching the Plaintiff with their loaded firearms, outstretched limbs and other objects which they used to physically seize, strike and restrain the Plaintiff. All of the above actions placed the plaintiff in imminent fear of physical contact. At no time did the plaintiff consent to the unlawful actions of the Defendants.

AS AND FOR A THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

10. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "9" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
11. On or about March 19, 2010, at approximately 12:30 A.M., in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York the Defendants, **CITY OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614**, jointly and severally without any warrant, order or other legal process and without any legal right, wrongfully and unlawfully imprisoned the Plaintiff, **VALENTIN MORALES**, restrained him and his liberty and then took him into custody to a police station in the County of Bronx and there charged him with the violations of the law on Arrest #B10623309 on Summons #4326739666. The Plaintiff was thereafter held in custody over the course of approximately eighteen (18) hours before he was released on his own recognizance after arraignment. The Defendants intentionally confined the Plaintiff without his consent and the confinement was not otherwise privileged by law and, at all times the Plaintiff was conscious of his confinement.

AS AND FOR A FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

12. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "11" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
13. On or about March 19, 2010, at approximately 12:30 A.M., in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York the Defendants, **CITY OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614**, jointly and severally without any warrant, order or other legal process and without any legal right, wrongfully and unlawfully arrested the Plaintiff, **VALENTIN MORALES**, restrained him and his liberty and then took him into custody to a police station in the County of Bronx and there charged him with the violations of the law on Arrest #B10623309 on Summons #4326739666. The Plaintiff was thereafter held in custody over the course of approximately eighteen (18) hours before he was released on his own recognizance after arraignment. The Defendants intentionally confined the Plaintiff without his consent and the confinement was not otherwise privileged by law and, at all times the Plaintiff was conscious of his confinement.

AS AND FOR A FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

14. Plaintiff incorporates, repeats and re-alleges all the of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "13" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
15. Upon information and belief, on or about March 19, 2010 and from that time until the dismissal of charges on or about August 4, 2010 which was a favorable termination for the accused by the Honorable Judge presiding at, Bronx Supreme Court, Defendants **CITY OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614** deliberately and maliciously prosecuted Plaintiff **VALENTIN MORALES**, an innocent man without any probable cause whatsoever, by filing or causing a criminal court complaint to be filed in the Criminal Court of the City of New York, Bronx County, for the purpose of falsely accusing the plaintiff of violations of the criminal laws of the State of New York.
16. The Defendants, jointly and severally, their agents, servants or employees failed to take reasonable steps to stop the prosecution of the Plaintiff and instead maliciously and deliberately provided false and/or incomplete information to the District Attorney's office to induce prosecution of the Plaintiff and due to the absence of probable cause malice can be inferred.

17. The commencement of these criminal proceedings under Summons #4326739666 was malicious and began in malice and without probable cause, so that the proceedings could succeed by the Defendants.
18. As a result of the malicious prosecution, Plaintiff was deprived of his liberty and suffered the humiliation, mental anguish, indignity and frustration of an unjust criminal prosecution. The Plaintiff made multiple court appearances to defend his liberty against these unjust charges.

AS AND FOR A SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

19. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "18" as it set forth at length herein.
20. Defendants **NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614**, were at all times relevant, duly appointed and acting officers of the City of New York Police Department.
21. At all times mentioned herein, said police officers were acting under color of law, to wit: the statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies and customs and usage of the State of New York and/or City of New York.
22. Plaintiff **VALENTIN MORALES** is and at all times relevant herein, a citizen of the United States and a resident of Bronx County in the State of New York and brings this cause of action pursuant to 42 United States Code, Section 1983 and 42 United States Code, Section 1988.

23. The Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK** is a municipality duly incorporated under the laws of the State of New York.
24. On or about March 19, 2010 the Defendants, armed police, while effectuating the seizure of the Plaintiff **VALENTIN MORALES**, did search, seize, assault and commit a battery and grab the person of the Plaintiff without a court authorized arrest or search warrant. They did physically seize the person of the Plaintiff during the arrest process in an unlawful and excessive manner. The Plaintiff was falsely arrested, falsely imprisoned and maliciously prosecuted without the Defendants possessing a probable cause to do so. Plaintiff was also illegally strip searched with a cavity inspection while in police custody.
25. The above action of the Defendants resulted in the Plaintiff being deprived of the following rights under the United States Constitution:
 - a. Freedom from assault to his person;
 - b. Freedom from battery to his person;
 - c. Freedom from illegal search and seizure;
 - d. Freedom from false arrest;
 - e. Freedom from the use of excessive force during the arrest process;
 - f. Freedom from being maliciously prosecuted;
 - g. Freedom from unlawful imprisonment.
26. The Defendants subjected the Plaintiff to such deprivations, either in a malicious or reckless disregard of the Plaintiff's rights or with the deliberate indifference to those rights used the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution.

27. The direct and proximate result of the Defendants' acts are that the Plaintiff has suffered severe and permanent injuries of a psychological nature. He was forced to endure pain and suffering, all to his detriment.

AS AND FOR A SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

28. Plaintiff incorporates, repeats and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "27" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
29. Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK** has grossly failed to train and adequately supervise its police officers in the fundamental law of arrest, search and seizure especially when the its police officers are not in possession of a court authorized arrest warrant and where an individual, especially as here, has not committed a crime and has not resisted arrest, that its police officers should only use reasonable to effectuate an arrest and the arrest should be based on probable cause.
30. **THE CITY OF NEW YORK** was negligent by failing to implement a policy with its Police Department and instruct police officers who, absent the consent of the Plaintiff, (or similarly situated individuals) or without the possession of a court authorized arrest search warrant, said police officers of the City of New York are not to arrest individuals such as the Plaintiff here where probable cause is lacking and the use of force should only be reasonable when an individual resists arrest and should not be used where a criminal defendant is not resisting arrest.

31. **THE CITY OF NEW YORK** is negligent due to its failure to implement a policy with its Police Department or actively enforce the law, if any of the following are lacking:
 1. Probable cause must be present before an individual such as the Plaintiff here can be arrested.
 2. Excessive force cannot be used against an individual who does not physically resist arrest.
 3. An individual who sustains physical injury at the hands of the police during the arrest process should receive prompt medical attention.
 4. An individual such as the plaintiff herein cannot be subjected to a strip search with cavity inspection unless the police posses legal cause and/or have a reasonable suspicion and/or probable cause that the plaintiff has secreted contraband in or on his person.
32. The foregoing acts, omissions and systemic failures are customs and policies of the **CITY OF NEW YORK** which caused the police officers to falsely arrest, maliciously prosecute, seize illegally and search the Plaintiff commit an assault/battery to his person and denied him prompt medical attention under the belief that they would suffer no disciplinary actions for their failure to take proper or prudent steps in this case.

AS AND FOR A EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

33. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "32" as it set forth at length herein.
34. Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK** was negligent in that prior to and at the time of the acts complained of herein, due to the prior history of the Police

Officer Defendants, knew or should have known of the bad disposition of said Defendants or had knowledge of facts that would put a reasonably prudent employer on inquiry concerning their bad disposition and the fact that these officers were not suitable to be hired and employed by the **CITY OF NEW YORK** and that due to their lack of training, these officers should have had adequate supervision so that they would not arrest innocent individuals nor use excessive force during the arrest process.

AS AND FOR A NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

35. At all times mentioned, Plaintiff, **CHRISTOPHER FLORES**, was a resident of Bronx County, City and State of New York.
36. At all times mentioned, Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK**, was and is a municipal corporation duly organized and existing by virtue of the laws of the State of New York.
37. On or about the 22nd day of October, 2010 and within ninety (90)days after the claim herein arose, the Plaintiff served a Notice of Claim in writing sworn to on their behalf upon the Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK**, by delivering a copy thereof in duplicate to the officer designated to receive such process personally, which Notice of Claim advised the Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK**, of the nature, place, time and manner in which the claim arose, the items of damage and injuries sustained so far as was then determinable. Please note a late Notice of Claim was served on the City of New York on May 16, 2011 pursuant to Judge Schachner's order entered on May 10, 2011 on Index #260299-2011.

38. At least thirty (30) days have elapsed since the service of the claim prior to the commencement of this action and adjustment of payment thereof has been neglected or refused, and this action has been commenced within one year and ninety (90) days after the happening of the event upon which the claims are based.
39. The Plaintiff has complied with the request of the municipal Defendant's for an oral examination pursuant to Section 50-H of the General Municipal Law and/or the Public Authorities Law and/or no such request was made within the applicable period.
40. Upon information and belief, at all times mentioned, Defendants, **NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614**, were and are police officers of the Defendant City of New York, and at all times herein were acting in such capacity as the agents, servants and employees of the Defendant, **THE CITY OF NEW YORK**.
41. On or about March 19, 2010, at approximately 12:30 A.M. in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York the Defendants jointly and severally in their capacity as police officers, wrongfully touched, grabbed, handcuffed and seized the Plaintiff, **CHRISTOPHER FLORES**, in an excessive manner about his person, causing him physical pain and mental suffering. At no time did the Defendants have

legal cause to grab, handcuff seize or touch the Plaintiff, nor did the Plaintiff consent to this illegal touching nor was it privileged by law.

AS AND FOR A TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

42. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "39" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
43. On or about March 19, 2010, at approximately 12:30 A.M., in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York, the Defendants, jointly and severally did place plaintiff, **CHRISTOPHER FLORES**, in imminent fear of physical contact by approaching the Plaintiff with their loaded firearms, outstretched limbs and other objects which they used to physically seize, strike and restrain the Plaintiff. All of the above actions placed the plaintiff in imminent fear of physical contact. At no time did the plaintiff consent to the unlawful actions of the Defendants.

AS AND FOR A ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

44. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "43" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
45. On or about March 19, 2010, at approximately 12:30 A.M., in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York the Defendants, **CITY OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY**

POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD

PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614, jointly and severally without any warrant, order or other legal process and without any legal right, wrongfully and unlawfully arrested the Plaintiff, **CHRISTOPHER FLORES**, restrained him and his liberty and then took him into custody to a police station in the County of Bronx and there charged him with the violations of the law on Arrest #B10623314 on Summons #4326739678. The Plaintiff was thereafter held in custody over the course of approximately eighteen (18) hours before he was released on his own recognizance after arraignment. The Defendants intentionally confined the Plaintiff without his consent and the confinement was not otherwise privileged by law and, at all times the Plaintiff was conscious of his confinement.

AS AND FOR A TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

46. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "45" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
47. On or about March 19, 2010, at approximately 12:30 A.M., in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York the Defendants, jointly and severally without any warrant, order or other legal process and without any legal right, wrongfully and unlawfully imprisoned the Plaintiff, restrained him and his liberty and then took him into custody to a police station in the County of Bronx and there charged him with the crimes on Summons #4326739678. The Plaintiff was thereafter held in custody over the course of approximately eighteen (18) hours before he was

released on his own recognizance after arraignment. The Defendants intentionally confined the Plaintiff without his consent and the confinement was not otherwise privileged by law and, at all times the Plaintiff was conscious of his confinement.

AS AND FOR A THIRTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

48. Plaintiff incorporates, repeats and re-alleges all the of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "47" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
49. Upon information and belief, on or about March 19, 2010 and from that time until the dismissal of charges on or about August 4, 2010, which was a favorable termination for the accused by the Honorable Judge presiding at, Bronx Supreme Court, Defendants **CITY OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614** deliberately and maliciously prosecuted Plaintiff **CHRISTOPHER FLORES**, an innocent man without any probable cause whatsoever, by filing or causing a criminal court complaint to be filed in the Criminal Court of the City of New York, Bronx County, for the purpose of falsely accusing the plaintiff of violations of the criminal laws of the State of New York.
50. The Defendants, jointly and severally, their agents, servants or employees failed to take reasonable steps to stop the prosecution of the Plaintiff and

instead maliciously and deliberately provided false and/or incomplete information to the District Attorney's office to induce prosecution of the Plaintiff and due to the absence of probable cause malice can be inferred.

51. The commencement of these criminal proceedings under Summons #4326739678 was malicious and began in malice and without probable cause, so that the proceedings could succeed by the Defendants.
52. As a result of the malicious prosecution, Plaintiff was deprived of his liberty and suffered the humiliation, mental anguish, indignity and frustration of an unjust criminal prosecution. The Plaintiff made multiple court appearances to defend his liberty against these unjust charges.

AS AND FOR A FOURTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

53. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "52" as it set forth at length herein.
54. Defendants **NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614**, were at all times relevant, duly appointed and acting officers of the City of New York Police Department.
55. At all times mentioned herein, said police officers were acting under color of law, to wit: the statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies and customs and usage of the State of New York and/or City of New York.

56. Plaintiff **CHRISTOPHER FLORES** is and at all times relevant herein, a citizen of the United States and a resident of Bronx County in the State of New York and brings this cause of action pursuant to 42 United States Code, Section 1983 and 42 United States Code, Section 1988.
57. The Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK** is a municipality duly incorporated under the laws of the State of New York.
58. On or about March 19, 2010 the Defendants, armed police, while effectuating the seizure of the Plaintiff **CHRISTOPHER FLORES**, did search, seize, assault and commit a battery and grab the person of the Plaintiff without a court authorized arrest or search warrant. They did physically seize the person of the Plaintiff during the arrest process in an unlawful and excessive manner. The Plaintiff was falsely arrested, unlawfully imprisoned and maliciously prosecuted without the Defendants possessing a probable cause to do so.
59. The above action of the Defendants resulted in the Plaintiff being deprived of the following rights under the United States Constitution:
 - a. Freedom from assault to his person;
 - b. Freedom from battery to his person;
 - c. Freedom from illegal search and seizure;
 - d. Freedom from false arrest;
 - e. Freedom from the use of excessive force during the arrest process;
 - f. Freedom from being maliciously prosecuted;
 - g. Freedom from unlawful imprisonment.

60. The Defendants subjected the Plaintiff to such deprivations, either in a malicious or reckless disregard of the Plaintiff's rights or with the deliberate indifference to those rights used the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution.
61. The direct and proximate result of the Defendants' acts are that the Plaintiff has suffered severe and permanent injuries of a psychological nature. He was forced to endure pain and suffering, all to his detriment.

AS AND FOR A FIFTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

62. Plaintiff incorporates, repeats and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "61" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
63. Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK** has grossly failed to train and adequately supervise its police officers in the fundamental law of arrest, search and seizure especially when the its police officers are not in possession of a court authorized arrest warrant and where an individual, especially as here, has not committed a crime and has not resisted arrest, that its police officers should only use reasonable to effectuate an arrest and the arrest should be based on probable cause.
64. **THE CITY OF NEW YORK** was negligent by failing to implement a policy with its Police Department and instruct police officers who, absent the consent of the Plaintiff, (or similarly situated individuals) or without the possession of a court authorized arrest search warrant, said police officers of the City of New York are not to arrest individuals such as the Plaintiff here where probable cause is lacking and the use of force should only be

reasonable when an individual resists arrest and should not be used where a criminal defendant is not resisting arrest.

65. **THE CITY OF NEW YORK** is negligent due to its failure to implement a policy with its Police Department or actively enforce the law, if any of the following are lacking:

1. Probable cause must be present before an individual such as the Plaintiff here can be arrested.
2. Excessive force cannot be used against an individual who does not physically resist arrest.
3. An individual who sustains physical injury at the hands of the police during the arrest process should receive prompt medical attention.
4. An individual such as the plaintiff herein cannot be subjected to a strip search with cavity inspection unless the police posses legal cause and/or have a reasonable suspicion and/or probable cause that the plaintiff has secreted contraband in or on his person.

66. The foregoing acts, omissions and systemic failures are customs and policies of the **CITY OF NEW YORK** which caused the police officers to falsely arrest, maliciously prosecute, seize illegally and search the Plaintiff commit an assault/battery to his person and denied him prompt medical attention under the belief that they would suffer no disciplinary actions for their failure to take proper or prudent steps in this case.

AS AND FOR A SIXTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

67. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "66" as it set forth at length herein.

68. Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK** was negligent in that prior to and at the time of the acts complained of herein, due to the prior history of the Police Officer Defendants, knew or should have known of the bad disposition of said Defendants or had knowledge of facts that would put a reasonably prudent employer on inquiry concerning their bad disposition and the fact that these officers were not suitable to be hired and employed by the **CITY OF NEW YORK** and that due to their lack of training, these officers should have had adequate supervision so that they would not arrest innocent individuals nor use excessive force during the arrest process.

AS AND FOR A SEVENTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

69. At all times mentioned, Plaintiff, **VICTOR DOLEO**, was a resident of Bronx County, City and State of New York.
70. At all times mentioned, Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK**, was and is a municipal corporation duly organized and existing by virtue of the laws of the State of New York.
71. On or about the 22nd day of October, 2010 and within ninety (90)days after the claim herein arose, the Plaintiff served a Notice of Claim in writing sworn to on their behalf upon the Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK**, by delivering a copy thereof in duplicate to the officer designated to receive such process personally, which Notice of Claim advised the Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK**, of the nature, place, time and manner in which the claim arose, the items of damage and injuries sustained so far as was then determinable. Please note a late Notice of Claim was served on the City of

New York on May 16, 2011 pursuant to Judge Schachner's order entered on May 10, 2011 on Index #260299-2011.

72. At least thirty (30) days have elapsed since the service of the claim prior to the commencement of this action and adjustment of payment thereof has been neglected or refused, and this action has been commenced within one year and ninety (90) days after the happening of the event upon which the claims are based.
73. The Plaintiff has complied with the request of the municipal Defendant's for an oral examination pursuant to Section 50-H of the General Municipal Law and/or the Public Authorities Law and/or no such request was made within the applicable period.
74. Upon information and belief, at all times mentioned, Defendants, **NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614**, were and are police officers of the Defendant City of New York, and at all times herein were acting in such capacity as the agents, servants and employees of the Defendant, **THE CITY OF NEW YORK**.
75. On or about March 19, 2010, at approximately 12:30 A.M. in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York the Defendants jointly and severally in their capacity as police officers, wrongfully touched, grabbed, handcuffed and seized the Plaintiff, **VICTOR**

DOLEO, in an excessive manner about his person, causing him physical pain and mental suffering. At no time did the Defendants have legal cause to grab, handcuff seize or touch the Plaintiff, nor did the Plaintiff consent to this illegal touching nor was it privileged by law.

AS AND FOR AN EIGHTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

76. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "75" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
77. On or about March 19, 2010 at approximately 12:30 A.M., in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York, the Defendants, jointly and severally did place plaintiff, VICTOR DOLEO, in imminent fear of physical contact by approaching the Plaintiff with their loaded firearms, outstretched limbs and other objects which they used to physically seize, strike and restrain the Plaintiff. All of the above actions placed the plaintiff in imminent fear of physical contact. At no time did the plaintiff consent to the unlawful actions of the Defendants.

AS AND FOR A NINETEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

78. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "77" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
79. On or about March 19, 2010, at approximately 12:30 A.M., in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York the Defendants, jointly and severally without any warrant, order or other legal process and without any legal right, wrongfully and unlawfully arrested the

Plaintiff, VICTOR DOLEO, restrained him and his liberty and then took him into custody to a police station in the County of Bronx and there charged him with the violations of the law on Arrest #B10623309 and on Summons #4326771689. The Plaintiff was thereafter held in custody over the course of approximately eighteen (18) hours before he was released on his own recognizance after arraignment. The Defendants intentionally confined the Plaintiff without his consent and the confinement was not otherwise privileged by law and, at all times the Plaintiff was conscious of his confinement.

AS AND FOR A TWENTIETH CAUSE OF ACTION

80. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "79" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
81. On or about March 19, 2010, at approximately 12:30 A.M., in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York the Defendants, **CITY OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614**, jointly and severally without any warrant, order or other legal process and without any legal right, wrongfully and unlawfully imprisoned the Plaintiff, VICTOR DOLEO, restrained him and his liberty and then took him into custody to a police station in the County

of Bronx and there charged him with the violations of the law on Arrest #B10623309 on Summons #4326739666. The Plaintiff was thereafter held in custody over the course of approximately eighteen (18) hours before he was released on his own recognizance after arraignment. The Defendants intentionally confined the Plaintiff without his consent and the confinement was not otherwise privileged by law and, at all times the Plaintiff was conscious of his confinement.

AS AND FOR A TWENTY-FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

82. Plaintiff incorporates, repeats and re-alleges all the of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "81" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
83. Upon information and belief, on or about March 19, 2010 and from that time until the dismissal of charges on or about August 4, 2010 which was a favorable termination for the accused by the Honorable Judge presiding at, Bronx Supreme Court, Defendants **CITY OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614 PRECINCT, SHIELD #24921** deliberately and maliciously prosecuted Plaintiff **VICTOR DOLEO**, an innocent man without any probable cause whatsoever, by filing or causing a criminal court complaint to be filed in the Criminal Court of the

City of New York, Bronx County, for the purpose of falsely accusing the plaintiff of violations of the criminal laws of the State of New York.

84. The Defendants, jointly and severally, their agents, servants or employees failed to take reasonable steps to stop the prosecution of the Plaintiff and instead maliciously and deliberately provided false and/or incomplete information to the District Attorney's office to induce prosecution of the Plaintiff and due to the absence of probable cause malice can be inferred.
85. The commencement of these criminal proceedings under Summons #4326771689 was malicious and began in malice and without probable cause, so that the proceedings could succeed by the Defendants.
86. As a result of the malicious prosecution, Plaintiff was deprived of his liberty and suffered the humiliation, mental anguish, indignity and frustration of an unjust criminal prosecution. The Plaintiff made multiple court appearances to defend his liberty against these unjust charges.

AS AND FOR A TWENTY-SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

87. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "86" as it set forth at length herein.
88. Defendants **NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614**, were at all times relevant, duly appointed and acting officers of the City of New York Police Department.

89. At all times mentioned herein, said police officers were acting under color of law, to wit: the statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies and customs and usage of the State of New York and/or City of New York.
90. Plaintiff **VICTOR DOLEO** is and at all times relevant herein, a citizen of the United States and a resident of Bronx County in the State of New York and brings this cause of action pursuant to 42 United States Code, Section 1983 and 42 United States Code, Section 1988.
91. The Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK** is a municipality duly incorporated under the laws of the State of New York.
92. On or about March 19, 2010 the Defendants, armed police, while effectuating the seizure of the Plaintiff **VICTOR DOLEO**, did search, seize, assault and commit a battery and grab the person of the Plaintiff without a court authorized arrest or search warrant. They did physically seize the person of the Plaintiff during the arrest process in an unlawful and excessive manner. The Plaintiff was falsely arrested, unlawfully imprisoned and maliciously prosecuted without the Defendants possessing a probable cause to do so.
93. The above action of the Defendants resulted in the Plaintiff being deprived of the following rights under the United States Constitution:
 - a. Freedom from assault to her person;
 - b. Freedom from battery to her person;
 - c. Freedom from illegal search and seizure;
 - d. Freedom from false arrest;
 - e. Freedom from the use of excessive force during the arrest process;
 - f. Freedom from malicious prosecution;

- g. Freedom from unlawful imprisonment.
94. The Defendants subjected the Plaintiff to such deprivations, either in a malicious or reckless disregard of the Plaintiff's rights or with deliberate indifference to those rights used the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution.
95. The direct and proximate result of the Defendants' acts are that the Plaintiff has suffered severe and permanent injuries of a psychological nature. He was forced to endure pain and suffering, all to her detriment.
- AS AND FOR A TWENTY-THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**
96. Plaintiff incorporates, repeats and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "95" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
97. Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK** has grossly failed to train and adequately supervise its police officers in the fundamental law of arrest, search and seizure especially when its police officers are not in possession of a court authorized arrest warrant and where an individual, especially as here, has not committed a crime and has not resisted arrest, that its police officers should only use reasonable to effectuate an arrest and the arrest should be based on probable cause.
98. **THE CITY OF NEW YORK** was negligent by failing to implement a policy with its Police Department and instruct police officers who, absent the consent of the Plaintiff, (or similarly situated individuals) or without the possession of a court authorized arrest search warrant, said police officers of the City of New York are not to arrest individuals such as the Plaintiff here

where probable cause is lacking and the use of force should only be reasonable when an individual resists arrest and should not be used where a criminal defendant is not resisting arrest.

99. **THE CITY OF NEW YORK** is negligent due to its failure to implement a policy with its Police Department or actively enforce the law, if any of the following are lacking:

1. Probable cause must be present before an individual such as the Plaintiff here can be arrested.
2. Excessive force cannot be used against an individual who does not physically resist arrest.
3. An individual who sustains physical injury at the hands of the police during the arrest process should receive prompt medical attention.
4. An individual such as the plaintiff herein cannot be subjected to a strip search with cavity inspection unless the police posses legal cause and/or have a reasonable suspicion and/or probable cause that the plaintiff has secreted contraband in or on his person.

100. The foregoing acts, omissions and systemic failures are customs and policies of the **CITY OF NEW YORK** which caused the police officers to falsely arrest, maliciously prosecute, seize illegally and search the Plaintiff commit an assault/battery to his person and denied him prompt medical attention under the belief that they would suffer no disciplinary actions for their failure to take proper or prudent steps in this case.

AS AND FOR A TWENTY-FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

101. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "100" as it set forth at length herein.
102. Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK** was negligent in that prior to and at the time of the acts complained of herein, due to the prior history of the Police Officer Defendants, knew or should have known of the bad disposition of said Defendants or had knowledge of facts that would put a reasonably prudent employer on inquiry concerning their bad disposition and the fact that these officers were not suitable to be hired and employed by the **CITY OF NEW YORK** and that due to their lack of training, these officers should have had adequate supervision so that they would not arrest innocent individuals nor use excessive force during the arrest process.

AS AND FOR A TWENTY-FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

103. At all times mentioned, Plaintiff, **RAFAEL ROMERO**, was a resident of Bronx County, City and State of New York.
104. At all times mentioned, Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK**, was and is a municipal corporation duly organized and existing by virtue of the laws of the State of New York.
105. On or about the 22nd day of October, 2010 and within ninety (90)days after the claim herein arose, the Plaintiff served a Notice of Claim in writing sworn to on their behalf upon the Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK**, by delivering a copy thereof in duplicate to the officer designated to receive such process personally, which Notice of Claim advised the Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK**, of the nature, place, time and manner in which the claim

arose, the items of damage and injuries sustained so far as was then determinable. Please note that a late Notice of Claim was served on May 16, 2011 on the City of New York pursuant to Judge Schachner's order entered on May 10, 2011 on Index #260299-2011.

106. At least thirty (30) days have elapsed since the service of the claim prior to the commencement of this action and adjustment of payment thereof has been neglected or refused, and this action has been commenced within one year and ninety (90) days after the happening of the event upon which the claims are based.
107. The Plaintiff has complied with the request of the municipal Defendant's for an oral examination pursuant to Section 50-H of the General Municipal Law and/or the Public Authorities Law and/or no such request was made within the applicable period.
108. Upon information and belief, at all times mentioned, Defendants, **NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614**, were and are police officers of the Defendant City of New York, and at all times herein were acting in such capacity as the agents, servants and employees of the Defendant, **THE CITY OF NEW YORK**.
109. On or about March 19, 2010, at approximately 12:30 A.M. in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York the

Defendants jointly and severally in their capacity as police officers, wrongfully touched, grabbed, handcuffed and seized the Plaintiff, **RAFAEL ROMERO**, in an excessive manner about his person, causing him physical pain and mental suffering. At no time did the Defendants have legal cause to grab, handcuff seize or touch the Plaintiff, nor did the Plaintiff consent to this illegal touching nor was it privileged by law.

AS AND FOR A TWENTY-SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

110. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "109" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
111. On or about March 19, 2010 at approximately 12:30 A.M., in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York, the Defendants, jointly and severally did place plaintiff, **VICTOR DOLEO**, in imminent fear of physical contact by approaching the Plaintiff with their loaded firearms, outstretched limbs and other objects which they used to physically seize, strike and restrain the Plaintiff. All of the above actions placed the plaintiff in imminent fear of physical contact. At no time did the plaintiff consent to the unlawful actions of the Defendants.

AS AND FOR A TWENTY-SEVENTH CAUSE ACTION

112. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "111" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
113. On or about March 19, 2010, at approximately 12:30 A.M., in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York the

Defendants, jointly and severally without any warrant, order or other legal process and without any legal right, wrongfully and unlawfully arrested the Plaintiff, **RAFAEL ROMERO**, restrained him and his liberty and then took him into custody to a police station in the County of Bronx and there charged him with the violations on Arrest #B10623312 and on Summons #4326771677. The Plaintiff was thereafter held in custody over the course of approximately eighteen (18) hours before he was released on his own recognizance after arraignment. The Defendants intentionally confined the Plaintiff without his consent and the confinement was not otherwise privileged by law and, at all times the Plaintiff was conscious of his confinement.

AS AND FOR A TWENTY-EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

114. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "113" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
115. On or about March 19, 2010, at approximately 12:30 A.M., in the vicinity of 1774 Eastburn Avenue, Apt. B3, County of Bronx, State of New York the Defendants, **CITY OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614**, jointly and severally without any warrant, order or other legal process and without any legal right, wrongfully and

unlawfully imprisoned the Plaintiff, RAFAEL ROMERO, restrained him and his liberty and then took him into custody to a police station in the County of Bronx and there charged him with the violations of the law on Arrest #B10623309 on Summons #4326739666. The Plaintiff was thereafter held in custody over the course of approximately eighteen (18) hours before he was released on his own recognizance after arraignment. The Defendants intentionally confined the Plaintiff without his consent and the confinement was not otherwise privileged by law and, at all times the Plaintiff was conscious of his confinement.

AS AND FOR A TWENTY-NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

116. Plaintiff incorporates, repeats and re-alleges all the of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "115" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
117. Upon information and belief, on or about March 19, 2010 and from that time until the dismissal of charges on or about August 4, 2010 which was a favorable termination for the accused by the Honorable Judge presiding at, Bronx Supreme Court, Defendants **CITY OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614 PRECINCT, SHIELD #24921** deliberately and maliciously prosecuted Plaintiff **RAFAEL ROMERO**, an innocent man without any probable cause whatsoever, by

filng or causing a criminal court complaint to be filed in the Criminal Court of the City of New York, Bronx County, for the purpose of falsely accusing the plaintiff of violations of the criminal laws of the State of New York.

- 118 The Defendants, jointly and severally, their agents, servants or employees failed to take reasonable steps to stop the prosecution of the Plaintiff and instead maliciously and deliberately provided false and/or incomplete information to the District Attorney's office to induce prosecution of the Plaintiff and due to the absence of probable cause malice can be inferred.
119. The commencement of these criminal proceedings under Summons #4326771677 was malicious and began in malice and without probable cause, so that the proceedings could succeed by the Defendants.
120. As a result of the malicious prosecution, Plaintiff was deprived of his liberty and suffered the humiliation, mental anguish, indignity and frustration of an unjust criminal prosecution. The Plaintiff made multiple court appearances to defend his liberty against these unjust charges.

AS AND FOR A THITIETH CAUSE OF ACTION

121. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "120" as it set forth at length herein.
122. Defendants **NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614**, were at all

times relevant, duly appointed and acting officers of the City of New York Police Department.

123. At all times mentioned herein, said police officers were acting under color of law, to wit: the statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies and customs and usage of the State of New York and/or City of New York.
124. Plaintiff **RAFAEL ROMERO** is and at all times relevant herein, a citizen of the United States and a resident of Bronx County in the State of New York and brings this cause of action pursuant to 42 United States Code, Section 1983 and 42 United States Code, Section 1988.
125. The Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK** is a municipality duly incorporated under the laws of the State of New York.
126. On or about March 19, 2010 the Defendants, armed police, while effectuating the seizure of the Plaintiff **RAFAEL ROMERO**, did search, seize, assault and commit a battery and grab the person of the Plaintiff without a court authorized arrest or search warrant. They did physically seize the person of the Plaintiff during the arrest process in an unlawful and excessive manner. The Plaintiff was falsely arrested, unlawfully imprisoned and maliciously prosecuted without the Defendants possessing a probable cause to do so.
127. The above action of the Defendants resulted in the Plaintiff being deprived of the following rights under the United States Constitution:
 - a. Freedom from assault to her person;
 - b. Freedom from battery to her person;
 - c. Freedom from illegal search and seizure;
 - d. Freedom from false arrest;

- e. Freedom from the use of excessive force during the arrest process;
 - f. Freedom from malicious prosecution;
 - g. Freedom from unlawful imprisonment.
128. The Defendants subjected the Plaintiff to such deprivations, either in a malicious or reckless disregard of the Plaintiff's rights or with deliberate indifference to those rights used the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution.
129. The direct and proximate result of the Defendants' acts are that the Plaintiff has suffered severe and permanent injuries of a psychological nature. He was forced to endure pain and suffering, all to her detriment.

AS AND FOR A THIRTY-FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

130. Plaintiff incorporates, repeats and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "116" with full force and effect as though set forth at length herein.
131. Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK** has grossly failed to train and adequately supervise its police officers in the fundamental law of arrest, search and seizure especially when its police officers are not in possession of a court authorized arrest warrant and where an individual, especially as here, has not committed a crime and has not resisted arrest, that its police officers should only use reasonable to effectuate an arrest and the arrest should be based on probable cause.
132. **THE CITY OF NEW YORK** was negligent by failing to implement a policy with its Police Department and instruct police officers who, absent the consent of the Plaintiff, (or similarly situated individuals) or without the

possession of a court authorized arrest search warrant, said police officers of the City of New York are not to arrest individuals such as the Plaintiff here where probable cause is lacking and the use of force should only be reasonable when an individual resists arrest and should not be used where a criminal defendant is not resisting arrest.

133. **THE CITY OF NEW YORK** is negligent due to its failure to implement a policy with its Police Department or actively enforce the law, if any of the following are lacking:

1. Probable cause must be present before an individual such as the Plaintiff here can be arrested.
2. Excessive force cannot be used against an individual who does not physically resist arrest.
3. An individual who sustains physical injury at the hands of the police during the arrest process should receive prompt medical attention.
4. An individual such as the plaintiff herein cannot be subjected to a strip search with cavity inspection unless the police posses legal cause and/or have a reasonable suspicion and/or probable cause that the plaintiff has secreted contraband in or on his person.

134. The foregoing acts, omissions and systemic failures are customs and policies of the **CITY OF NEW YORK** which caused the police officers to falsely arrest, maliciously prosecute, seize illegally and search the Plaintiff commit an assault/battery to his person and denied him prompt medical attention under the belief that they would suffer no disciplinary actions for their failure to take proper or prudent steps in this case.

AS AND FOR A THIRTY-SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

135. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and re-alleges all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs "1" through "121" as it set forth at length herein.
136. Defendant **CITY OF NEW YORK** was negligent in that prior to and at the time of the acts complained of herein, due to the prior history of the Police Officer Defendants, knew or should have known of the bad disposition of said Defendants or had knowledge of facts that would put a reasonably prudent employer on inquiry concerning their bad disposition and the fact that these officers were not suitable to be hired and employed by the **CITY OF NEW YORK** and that due to their lack of training, these officers should have had adequate supervision so that they would not arrest innocent individuals nor use excessive force during the arrest process.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against the Defendants, together with the costs and disbursements of this action in the amount of damages greater than the jurisdictional limit of any lower court where otherwise have jurisdiction, together with attorneys' fees and costs for bringing this case and punitive damages.

Dated: Bayside, New York
May 20, 2011

Yours, etc.

PAPA, DEPAOLA AND BROUNSTEIN

BY: **JOHN R. DEPAOLA**
Attorneys for Plaintiff
42-40 Bell Boulevard Suite 500
Bayside, New York 11361
(718) 281-4000

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
COUNTY OF BRONX

Index No. _____
Purchased _____

-----X
VALENTIN MORALES, CHRISTOPHER FLORES,
VICTOR DOLEO AND RAFAEL ROMERO,

VERIFICATION

Plaintiffs,

-against-

THE CITY OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK CITY
POLICE OFFICER KENNETH AYALA OF THE 46th
NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD #10194, NEW YORK
CITY POLICE OFFICER CHRISTOPHER
VACCARO OF THE 46th NYPD PRECINCT, SHIELD
#3957 AND NEW YORK CITY POLICE OFFICER
SALVATORE TEVERE OF THE 46th NYPD
PRECINCT, SHIELD #16614,

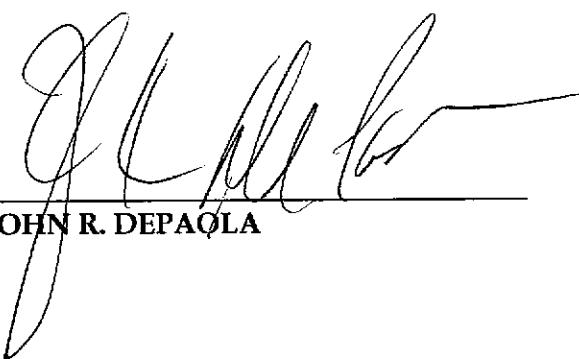
Defendants

-----X

I, JOHN R. DEPAOLA, an attorney admitted to practice in the courts of New York State, state that I am a member of the firm of **PAPA, DEPAOLA AND BROUNSTEIN**, the attorneys of record for Plaintiffs in the within action; I have read the foregoing and know the contents thereof; the same is true to my own knowledge, except as to the matters therein stated to be alleged on information and belief, and as to those matters I believe it to be true. The reason this verification is made by me and not by Plaintiff is because Plaintiff resides outside the county where deponent maintains his office.

I affirm that the foregoing statements are true, under the penalties of perjury.

Dated: Bayside, New York
May 20, 2011


JOHN R. DEPAOLA